

## COUNTESS DUMAS' FUND IS LARGELY AUGMENTED

Society People Attend Entertainment for Benefit of Soldiers in Northern France.

With the French and Russian ambassadors and their wives and many prominent society people occupying boxes at the benefit performance of "The Story of the Rosary" in the Belasco Theater last evening, the fund being raised by the Countess Dumas for the soldiers in service in northern France received a big impetus.

Others who occupied boxes were: The Peruvian ambassador and Senora Perez and party, Countess Dumas and party, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hibbs, Miss Hibbs and party, Mr. and Mrs. Edward B. McLean and party, Mrs. Thomas Walsh and party, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Taylor and party, Mrs. R. D. Shepherd and party, Prof. Stimson Brown and Mrs. Brown, Miss Ella Hamilton Brooke, Senator Jones and Mrs. Jones, Gen. Charles Martin and Mrs. Martin, Lieut. Commander Owens and Mrs. Owens.

The percentage from the sale of

tickets was augmented by the sale of candy and flowers by society girls, including Miss Doris Moore, Miss Gladys Bannard of Rochester, N. Y., Miss Imogene Taylor, Miss Helen Feinton, Miss Florence Penton, Miss Julia McIntyre, St. Clair, Mich.; Miss Isabelle Wilkinson, Miss Margaret Chesney, Miss Florence Schneider and Miss Ethel Schneider.

All of the money received is to be spent in Washington, and the anesthetic supplies forwarded through American diplomatic agents.

### Giddy Amusement.

From the Manchester Guardian.

A young working-class mother in one of the parks the other day was overheard proposing fresh entertainment to a family party consisting of three or four little children and a grown-up sister. "Come on," she said, "and I'll take you to see your grandma's grave."

"I don't see much in that," dissented her sister. "Well," replied the mother, thoughtfully, "I'd rather see a grave than a wedding. You do know that's the end of it."

It was not until the eleventh century that stockings first came into use. Before that time it was customary to swathe the feet with bandages.

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And You'll Get It for Less

Special Prices Today & Wednesday

\$1.00 Qt. cans Pompeian Olive Oil.....	60c
\$1.00 Tyree's Antiseptic Powder.....	49c
\$1.00 Bliss Native Herbs.....	59c
\$1.00 Dr. Pierce Remedies.....	59c
75c Jad Salts.....	49c
\$1.00 Bromo Seltzer.....	59c
25c Sal Hepatica.....	13c
25c Dioxogen.....	13c
50c De Witt's Kidney Pills.....	27c
25c Laxative Bromo Quinine.....	11c
25c Pape's Cold.....	14c
25c Listerine.....	13c
50c Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.....	31c
25c Pisco's Cough Remedy.....	15c
25c Dr. Bull's Cough Remedy.....	17c
25c Omega Oil.....	16c
25c Sloan's Liniment.....	15c
25c Glyco-Thymoline.....	16c
\$1.00 H. S. Wampole's Cod Liver Oil.....	35c
50c Sago Hair Tonic.....	31c
50c Parisian Sage.....	29c
50c California Syrup of Figs.....	31c
10c Bromo Seltzer.....	5c
15c 1-lb. Parowax.....	9c
15c 1-lb. 20-Mule-Team Borax.....	9c
75c Eskay's Food.....	59c
75c Mellen's Food.....	53c
1-lb. jars Pure Vaseline.....	25c
Blue Seal Camphorated Vaseline.....	10c
25c 4-oz. bottle Aromatic Spirits Ammonia.....	16c
20c 1-pt. bottle Turpentine.....	10c
10c Crepe Toilet Paper.....	4 for 25c
5c Waxed Lunch Paper.....	2 for 5c
10c Flash Hand Cleaner.....	7c
25c Williams' Shaving Sticks.....	16c
15c Palmolive Soap.....	3 for 19c

Pint Bottles	Knicknocks	10-lb. cans	Vivis
Syrup Hypo-phosphites	Chocolate Peppermints	Chloride Lime	Peppermint & Wintergreen
50c	21c	60c	3 for 10c

Open Until 1 O'Clock Thanksgiving Day

## Lease Sold--We Must Vacate

That Is the Whole Story of This Remarkable Sacrifice Sale of

## Men's, Women's and Children's Wearing Apparel

Are You Going to Miss This Wonderful Bargain Event? Everything in Newest Style

### Hundreds of Women's Suits Sacrificed

Handsome \$32 to \$35 Suits, in broadcloth and serge; the very latest models in all the new shades. To go at.....

Smart-looking Suits that sold at \$25, in a wide range of handsome fabrics; in the popular shades.....

Stylish Suits that sold at \$15 and \$17.50; long and short models; in high-grade fabrics.....

\$17.75

\$11.95

\$8.75

### 200 Women's Coats Underpriced

A handsome lot of \$10 and \$12 Coats; choice of plaids and stripes. To close at.....

A small lot of \$15 and \$18 Coats; new models; smart looking and warm; in the best fabrics.....

A fine lot of \$25 Coats, in plush, astrakhan, boucle, etc.; stunning models.....

\$4.95

\$10.00

\$15.95

### Children's Suits

\$1.50 Children's Suits, in Norfolk or English style, Sizes 7 to 18 years.....

\$2.98

\$2.50 Children's All-wool Suits; Norfolk style, Sizes 7 to 18 years.....

\$3.75

\$7.50 Children's Two-Pants Suits, in Norfolk or Bulgarian style, Strictly all wool.....

\$4.95

### Children's Coats

\$5.50 High-grade Coats; Balmain or Bulgarian style; in gray or blue chinchilla.....

\$3.55

\$6.50 Boys' Coats, single or double breasted styles, Sizes 10 to 18 years.....

\$3.45

### Men's Suits

\$25 Suits, with the nobby patch pockets, also conservative styles.....

\$16.85

\$20 and \$22.50 Suits, hand tailored; patch pockets; clever English styles.....

\$13.95

\$16.50 Suits, in the newest styles and finest fabrics.....

\$9.45

\$10 Suits, something smart in style and choice in fabrics.....

\$5.45

### Overcoats

\$20 double-breasted models; form fitting.....

\$19.25

\$20 Smart Balmain Coats. Just what they are wearing.....

\$12.45

\$15 Nobby Balmain Coats in nobby fabrics.....

\$8.45

\$12.50 Overcoats in good styles.....

\$6.95

J. & W. EISEMAN, 313-315 7th St.

## 143,000 A YEAR DIE IN U. S. OF PHTHISIS

D. C. Association for Prevention of Tuberculosis Gives Out Figures.

GEN. STERNBERG URGES NEEDED SEGREGATION

Dr. Wiley Says There Is More Excitement Over Epizootic Than Over Human Illness.

Tuberculosis caused 143,000 deaths in the United States last year and an economic loss of about two hundred and fifteen million dollars.

Speakers at the annual meeting last night of the Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the District of Columbia quoted these statistics as proof that tuberculosis is still man's greatest enemy, notwithstanding the fact it has failed to instill in him the fear that other less fatal diseases, such as smallpox, have.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, who spoke on "Hygienic Living in the Prevention of Tuberculosis," took the public to task for its indifference to the malady. He referred to the excitement over the foot and mouth disease and declared that where the epizootic kills one cow tuberculosis carries off ten human beings.

Proper living and segregation of willfully careless consumptives were urged as the most effective methods for combating tuberculosis.

The attendance at the meeting, which was held in the Public Library, was considerably larger than in previous years and commented upon by the speakers as an encouraging sign that the local public is becoming more aware of the importance of the association's work.

### Prevention the Keynote.

Gen. George M. Sternberg, U. S. A., president of the association, presided. Prevention, he said, is the keynote in the fight on the white plague. To make prevention effective he urged destruction of tubercular germs in milk and other sources of infection, instruction of the ignorant in the dangers of spreading infection and segregation of tuberculars.

Gen. Sternberg said infection usually occurs during childhood and declared that the danger of disease arising from association with even the most careful tubercular patient should not be lost sight of.

In the course of his address to the public as to the best methods of prevention of this infectious disease, he said, "The necessary legislation having this end in view."

Following Gen. Sternberg, Emil Berliner, chairman of the committee on publications, told of the success which the twelve health rules of the association had met with, here and elsewhere. Fifty thousand copies of these rules were distributed.

He also reported that the association was at work on a book on hygiene, consisting of twelve chapters, each chapter dealing with one of the health rules. Moreover, each chapter will be written by a different sanitarian, most of whom are specialists and members of the board of directors of the association. The association has the hearty approval by Mr. Thurston, superintendent of schools, of the proposed book, copies of which will be distributed among the pupils of the normal schools and among the public school teachers.

### Dr. Woodward's Idea.

Dr. William C. Woodward, health officer of the District, discussed the relation of the tuberculosis movement to the general health problem. Explaining the apathy of the public toward this disease, he said:

"In the evolution of the public health movement first one disease and then another has commanded the attention of the public. Smallpox, Asiatic cholera, yellow fever and the plague have been types of such diseases. They have appealed to the public imagination, just as the loss of life in Europe now makes a similar appeal, because of the acuteness and of the sudden loss of life, suffering and interference with commerce which they cause."

"Chronic diseases which are always with us have not so strongly appealed so strongly to popular interest. The sensibilities of the race, like the sensibilities of individuals, become deadened by the continual repetition of the same sensation, even though it be a painful one, and man becomes accustomed to seeing his fellows suffering from chronic diseases and dying from them that he pays but little at-

tention to the matter unless it strikes home to him personally."

### Preventive Measures.

General preventive measures were discussed by Dr. George M. Kober, president of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Dr. Kober considered the following as the most important:

1. Compulsory notification of cases of tuberculosis, so as to enable the health authorities to locate and control the sources of the infection, issue suitable directions to guard the family against infection and to resort to disinfection, especially upon the death of the patient or vacation of the premises.
2. The enactment and enforcement of laws against spitting in public places and coughing into the hands of persons and against the common use of the drinking cup.
3. The sanitary condition of hotels, lodging houses, theaters, churches, schools, ambulances and passenger service and of dairies should be under the control of the health authorities.
4. Prohibition of marriages with tubercular persons and isolation of consumptives in hospitals and other public institutions are indicated.

Adequate provision for the care and treatment of patients in tuberculosis dispensaries, sanatoria and hospitals or institutions should be made, and even the compulsory segregation of unteachable advanced cases are necessary as preventive measures.

"The outlook in the District of Columbia," said Dr. Kober, "is especially hopeful when it is remembered that the death rate from tuberculosis has been reduced from 288.5 among the white population in 1881 to 123.3 per 10,000 in 1912 and from 637.2 among the colored population to 353 during the same period."

### Value of Hygienic Living.

Dr. Wiley, the last speaker, pointed out how hygienic living establishes the best safeguard against spread of tuberculosis. "Hygienic living," said Dr. Wiley, "which means good food, good air, good exercise, good work, good temperature and good sleep, is the most favorable condition for the production of blood richest in phagocytes and opsonins, therefore, in a system nourished in this way, the infectious germs have the least chance to get a hold. In a run-down organism, the tuberculosis germ will find a nidus suitable to its growth. In healthy organism, the infectious germ will soon encounter destruction. Among the factors of the environment which are most important in protecting the system against tuberculosis, are good food, good air and pure water."

"To one who is threatened with tuberculosis, confined air, no matter how much it is disturbed, nor how frequently it is washed, according to the theories of modern so-called sanitation, is not the thing. What we need is nature's air and in all abundance. Outdoor sleeping, joined with outdoor work and exercise, with good wholesome food, may be regarded as complete protection against the encroachments of tuberculosis."

"The first efforts of prevention, therefore, should be devoted to securing this kind of an environment. Good food does not mean necessarily expensive food, quite the contrary. For the child it does imply pure milk, which is comparatively an expensive article of diet. For the grown child and the adult good, well cooked cereals, cheap wholesome fruits and succulent vegetables, especially such as potatoes and spinach, are quite sufficient. If one is quite wealthy a little pure meat, not from tubercular animals, nor from those suffering from any disease, may be added in small quantities. A diet of the kind mentioned is inexpensive and entirely sufficient for all the needs of nutrition."

### Officers Re-Elected.

Gen. Sternberg was re-elected president of the association, as were the other officers, including Emil Berliner, vice president; Walter S. Ufford, secretary, and Frank P. Reeside, treasurer. The following were elected members of the board of directors for a term of three years: William H. Baldwin, Col. John Van R. Hoff, Mrs. John McLaughlin, Frank P. Reeside, Dr. William C. Rives, Dr. E. C. Schroeder, Rabbi Louis Stern, Rev. John Van Schick, Jr., George S. Wilson and Dr. William C. Woodward.

Other members of the board of directors are: Emil Berliner, Dr. George W. Cabaniss, Surgeon General Rupert Blue, Miss Mabel T. Boardman, Dr. F. P. Fremont-Smith, Dr. William C. Gwynn, Mrs. Hennen Jennings, Dr. George M. Kober, Dr. D. Olin Leach, Dr. J. I. D. Morgan, Dr. A. L. Murray, Dr. Jesse H. Ramsburgh, Dr. Charles W. Richardson, Dr. J. O. Skinner, Gen. George M. Sternberg, Miss Isabel L. Strong, Miss Emily Tuckerman, Walter S. Ufford, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley and Rev. D. E. Wiseman.

### TRAVELETTE

BY NIKSAH.

### Santa Fe.

Santa Fe, New Mexico, is a city with a remarkable past, and, according to its residents, also a remarkable future, but its present is strikingly similar to that of about five hundred other little towns in the United States. Of course, there is "burro alley" where the Mexicans still bring their wood to sell, packed four feet high on the backs of diminutive donkeys; and there is the governor's "mansion," ruined adobe house now converted into a museum; and there are still a few really picturesque persons to be seen roaming about the streets; but these are only touches, and aside from them Santa Fe is a neat little city of frame and brick, quite sanitary and habitable, and altogether ordinary. It is becoming more so every year. Only recently some fraternal order built a home there, said to have been modeled after the Spanish Alhambra, and painted almost exactly the color of tomato catsup!

Fifty years ago, and even less, Santa Fe was a larger and livelier place than it is now, and a town of contrast and color probably not to be equaled in this country. There came the worthy grandeur of old Mexico, the scattered pesos among the greedy traders from across the plains; and trappers in buckskin with foxgloves in their caps and long rifles in their hands; and cowboys of the old-time range in gorgeous goatskin chaps and eighteen-dollar hats; and gayly caparisoned Mexican vaqueros, and soldiers and scouts and men of the number of other types, new zone forever, all eager for revelry, ready to fight for the charms of gazelle-eyed señoritas who gracefully capered and twirled to the raucous measures of the fandango. Good whiskey and Mexican gold were abundant in Santa Fe in those days, and men lived for love and pelf, as when the world was young.

Ept. alas for time and change! All the fetching theatrical properties of the Santa Fe that was are now cornered in a little museum, where a staid octogenarian pioneer presides over dusty portraits of Kit Carson and worn-out scalps of long dead braves. Where once the music of the "balle" and the shouts of revelers were heard, night is now made sad by the plaintive wail of a Sunday school practicing hymns.

Modern Santa Fe is started by even a reminder of the old lawless days. Not long ago two nice young Englishmen, seeing the world, reached Santa Fe and, wishing to be in tune with their surroundings, discarded tweeds and derbies for khaki and riding boots and sombreros, let their whiskers grow, and swaggered down the streets of the city with what bravado they could muster. A smiling Santa Fe approached them gingerly, as one who takes his life in his hands for the common good. He was a small, dapper, bald-headed man and looked like a bookkeeper who is married and has six children.

"Boys," said he, taking them aside, "I know your type. Lots of you fellows used to come here in the old days. I know you after a good time and don't care how you get it, but let me ask you one thing: What ever you do, for the love of Mike, don't shoot!"

## BANKER SIEGEL GUILTY, SENTENCED TO JAIL

Court Gives Him Two Months to Pay Creditors or Spend Ten Months in Prison.

GENESEE, N. Y., November 24.—Shortly before midnight last night Henry G. Siegel, the New York merchant, charged with grand larceny, was found guilty of committing a misdemeanor.

Justice William W. Clarke at once sentenced Siegel to pay a fine of \$1,000 and to serve ten months in Monroe county jail. Sentence of execution of the prison sentence was granted until the second Monday of June and bail was fixed at \$25,000.

Siegel must appear before Justice Clarke in Genesee at that time, and if his creditors have been substantially provided for further action on the prison sentence will be taken.

Siegel was found to have committed a misdemeanor in obtaining credit on

false financial statements. The jury was out about four hours.

### Doubtful About Felony.

In finding a verdict on this charge the jury took a course outlined by Justice Clarke in his final instruction. He said he had serious doubts as to the validity of the grand larceny charge, but left it to the jury to decide as to Siegel's guilt or innocence of the less serious offense.

When asked if there was any reason why sentence should not be passed upon him, Siegel replied in the negative.

"I am told," said Justice Clarke, "that you are willing to repay the losses of depositors in this bank. Is there any reason why you cannot make an extended payment within the next two months?"

"I will try," Siegel replied.

"The verdict is fully justified by the evidence," said the court. "The jury has been merciful in giving you an opportunity to pay the debts of your bank and I trust the verdict will be a lesson to you."

### May Exercise Clemency.

"I sentence you to pay a fine of \$1,000 and to be imprisoned in the Monroe county jail in Rochester for ten months, but I will grant a stay until the second Monday of June, 1915, when you must appear in this court. If, before that time, you have not made good your promise the sentence so far as

imprisonment is concerned must be carried out. If you have done your part the court may show clemency."

Attorney Stanchfield, who represented Siegel, said there would be no appeal. "It was ready to enter a plea of guilty to the lesser charge at any time," he said.

Influential friends, he added, are expected to come to Siegel's aid in re-establishing him in business.

### U. S. GETS SEIZED PAINTINGS.

Masterpieces Returned to Pittsburgh by British Prize Court.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 24.—Twenty-four paintings shown here at a recent art exhibit, but endangered by the war while en route back to Europe, have been returned to Pittsburgh for safekeeping at the Carnegie Art Institute, according to an announcement yesterday. Most of the paintings are the work of French, Belgian and Spanish artists and were brought here from Havre.

A number of masterpieces by Italian artists were intercepted shortly before leaving New York and also returned to Pittsburgh. Thirty-nine other pictures seized by the British while en route to Hamburg and taken to Falmouth, where a prize court later ordered them turned over to a representative of the institute, have been

returned to America, and will be brought here as soon as released by the customs officials.

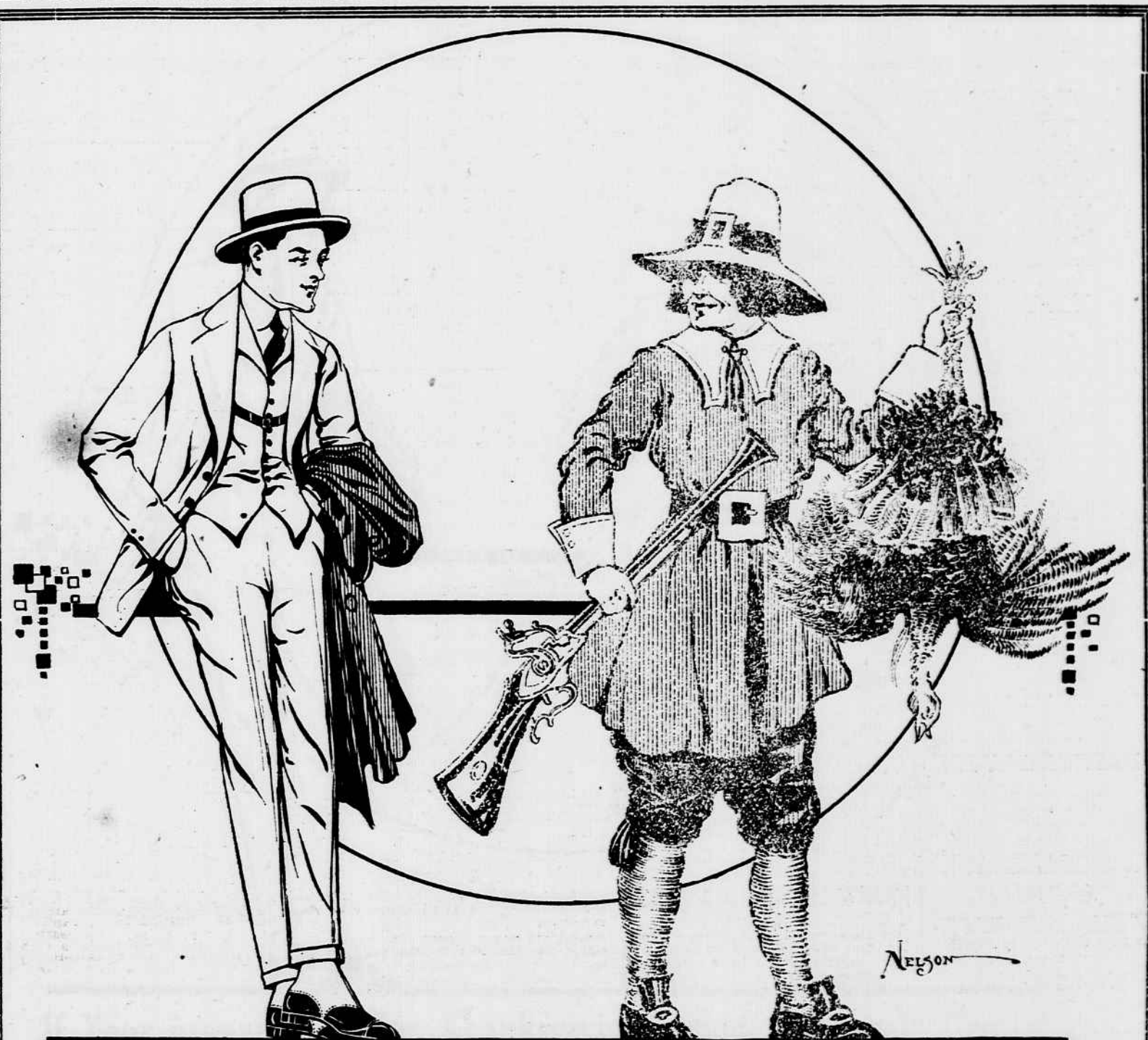
### POINTS TO ARGENTINE TRADE.

Ambassador Naon Calls Attention to Opportunities for United States.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., November 24.—Romulo S. Naon, ambassador from the Argentine Republic, declared in an address before an audience of prominent manufacturers last night that the present European situation offered an unparalleled opening in South America for the business men of the United States. Speaking of his own country, the ambassador said the possibilities offered by the purchasing power of Argentine commerce are well worthy of positive efforts, "not words, but actions; not wishes, but will."

"I do not believe I am wrong," added Ambassador Naon, "when I say the Argentine Republic offers to American manufacturers today a market of not less than \$100,000,000 over and above the present exports to our country."

Bacteriologists recently found under the fingers of men, women, and children no less than thirteen different kinds of disease germs, including those of tuberculosis, diphtheria and influenza.



If Your preparations for Thanksgiving include footwear, Gentlemen, Let us suggest "Burrojaps" For your consideration

WHATEVER, to your mind, is paramount--whether it is style, workmanship, wear or comfort--you must decide in favor of "Burrojaps," for they are far and away the best shoes for gentlemen from any angle.

"Burrojaps" fashions are the fashions adopted by the best dressed men in all the metropolitan cities.

"Burrojaps" wear is assured in the broad guarantee which goes with every pair. Even Patent Leather "Burrojaps" are guaranteed. With this assurance made by the makers of "Burrojaps" and in turn given by us to every purchaser it makes satisfaction certain. Consider this generous guarantee:

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A new pair free if the uppers break through before the sole wears through.

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### Two "Burrojaps" Fashions

Patent "Burrojaps" Lace Boot, 12 Iron Single Sole, 180 model, 6 Invisible Eyelets, 4 Hooks, Special Flat Heel, Sizes 5 to 10, Widths A to D.

Price, \$4.50.

Gun Metal "Burrojaps" Lace Boot, Invisible Eyelets to top, 12 Iron Single Sole, English (147) Toe, Special Flat Heel, Sizes 5 to 10, Widths A and D.

Price, \$5.00.